PHOTOCHEMISTRY OF CYCLOHEXADIENONE PEROXIDES: STRUCTURE OF THE INTERMEDIATE RADICAL

H. Lind⁺ and H. Loeliger

Plastics and Additives Division⁺ and Central Research Department,

CIBA-GEIGY Limited, 4000 Basel, Switzerland

(Received in UK 20 May 1976; accepted for publication 7 June 1976)

we have recently tentatively assigned the intermediate radical in the photodecomposition of 4-t-butylperoxi-4-methyl-2.6-di-t-butyl-2.5-cyclohexadienl-one (III) the structure of the cyclopentenone-radical II. This structure was compatible with the large number of complex products formed¹⁾

We now confirm our previous assignment having independently generated the identical ESR-spectrum by the addition of acetyl radical to 2.5-di-t-butyl-2.4-cyclopentadien-l-one¹⁾ (I).

2 MeCHO + Me₃COOCMe₃
$$\xrightarrow{hv}$$
 2 MeCO + Me₃COH

+ MeCO $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$ $\xrightarrow{}}$

Photolysis²⁾ directly in the ESR-cavity of a solution of I $(4 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{M})$ in di-t-butylperoxide and acetaldehyde³⁾ (3:7 volume/volume) produced a spectrum (Figure 1) centered at $g=2.0041 \pm 0.0001$ which we assign to II. It is interpreted in terms of the following coupling constants: $a_1=(13.97 \pm 0.08)G$ (1H, C-4), $a_2=(1.99 \pm 0.02)G$ (1H, C-3), $a_3=(0.49 \pm 0.02)G$ (12H, t-butyl at C-5 and acetyl group at C-4). Within the line width of 200 mG $a_2=4a_3$, which leads to the overall appearance of 2 x 17 lines.

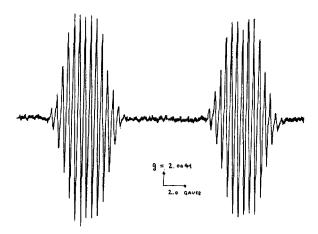


Figure 1: ESR-Spectrum observed on photolysis of a degassed mixture of di-t-butylperoxide and acetaldehyde in the presence of I, at 10° C

Further it is of interest to note that irradiation of a solution of 2.5-di-t-butyl-4-acetyl-2-cyclopenten-l-one $^{1)}$ (IV, 10^{-1} M) in di-t-butylperoxide did not yield the spectrum of II.

References and Footnotes

- 1) H. Lind, T. Winkler and H. Loeliger in Preprints of the 15th Prague IUPAC-Meeting on Degradation and Stabilization of Polyolefins, $\underline{1975}$, Section F4, J. Polym. Sci., Part C, $\underline{14}$ (1976), in press.
- 2) Using a Philips SP500 high pressure mercury lamp and a Schott WG320 (2mm) filter, l:l image formation with an f-value f:250.
- 3) The authors thank Prof. H. Fischer, Dept. of Physical Chemistry, University of Zürich for suggesting this method of producing acetyl radicals.